

11. Anaphylaxis

Hypotension, bronchospasm, high peak-airway pressures, decreased or lack of breath sounds, tachycardia, urticaria

- Press the red emergency button
- Who is the "hands-off" leader? Assign roles.
- **3** FiO₂ increased to 100% or high flow oxygen via facemask
- **Give IV Adrenaline bolus** 50-100mcg- Several doses may be required for severe hypotension or bronchospasm. Consider starting an adrenaline infusion.
- **S** Assess and secure the airway if required. Go to ⇒ CHKLST 7
- **Give IV Crystalloid 1L** at a high rate and elevate legs. Ensure adequate iv access.
- **7** Remove potential causative agents
- Take 5-10ml clotted blood for mast call tryptase at 1 hour, 4h and 24h.

Consider

- Noradrenaline infusion
- Vasopressin
- > Salbutamol if resistant bronchospasm
- > Hydrocortisone & promethazine

Critical **CHANGES**

If **PEA** develops: Go to ⇒ CHKLST 3

If VF/VT develops: GO TO ⇒ CHKLST 1

If bradycardia/asystole: GO TO ⇒ CHKLST 2

Common CAUSATIVE AGENTS

- Chlorhexidine
- Latex
- Antibiotics
- Colloids
- Neuromuscular blockers

DRUG DOSES and treatments

Give drugs via central line if available

Adrenaline: 10 mls of 1 in 10,000 bolus 0.5 mL and increase bolus size to 1 mL, 2 mL, 5 mL etc depending on effect

Hydrocortisone	Bolus 200mg IV
Promethazine	Slow IV 25mg
Salbutamol	Bolus 250mcg
	Infusion 5-25mcg/min

